



Vocabulary and Structure

أسئلة موضوعية بدرجة واحدة:

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. During the	e recession	, James lost his job ev	en though he was a/a	n worker.
•		b. impatient		
2. Working t	ill 10 p.m. w	asn't a problem. I	late. I did it in my	last job, too.
a. am used	d to finishing	·	b. used to finish	
c. used to b	oe finishing		d. have used to finish	1
3. Before	, glass	bottles are thoroughl		els are removed.
a. recycling	9	b. it recycles	c. being recycled	d. recycled
4. Which typ	e of newsp	aper often features se	e <mark>nsational </mark> headlines a	nd dramatic stories?
a. Acaden	nic journal	b. Broadsheet	c. Tabloid	d. Magazine
5. He was ac	ccused of th	<u>ie crime</u> . Choose the s	synonym of the under	lined word.
a. execute	d for		b. charged with	
c. declared	d innocent d	of	b. charged with d. blamed for	
6. What term	n describes	a state of emotional, I	physical and mental e	xhaustion caused by
prolonge				
		b. Depression		
		er his father? The wor	d that has the same m	eaning as the
	d word is			
	nind	-	c. fight with	d. resemble
		urpose of the introdu		
	a. To provide background informationb. To summarize the conclusion			
		<mark>argument</mark>		
		indicate the end of a		
•			c. Question mark	
10. Many students gain practical experience and valuable skills through a / an				
	eir college y			
a. pander	nic .	b. internship	c. reinvent	d. lite changing
11. The global has dramatically altered the way we work, forcing companies to				
adapt to new technologies and remote environments. a. internship b. reinvent c. pandemic d. life changing				
a. internshi	р	b. reinvent	c. pandemic	d. life changing
B Reading Comprehension				

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

You do not need to look back twenty years to realize the tremendous developments in science and technology; and how these advances are changing the life style of millions of people all over the world. Although the television and video were there in those days, no one had heard then of those wonderful remote-control units that turn the equipment on and off helping us to choose our entertainment with the least physical effort.

There are many other effects of technology that made our life more comfortable. You no longer worry about washing the dishes; your dishwashing machine can take care of that. If you want a hot meal, you just pop your favourite food into the microwave oven and it is ready in minutes. If you want to send an urgent message, just write it down and send, it through your fax machine and it arrives on the other side of the world in seconds.





Passenger planes fly non-stop to different parts of the world and their pilots can find time to relax as the computers do most of the hard work for them. This gives people more time to enjoy themselves and it explains the remarkable current progress in the leisure industry.

Leisure today is a big business. Just read the advertisement in the newspaper. You just will not believe the variety; you will find something to fit all incomes and tastes. As robots take over the work of people in industry, as communications across the world become faster, and while technology continues to create ways of persuading us to work less and enjoy ourselves more, so the leisure industry will play a far more important role in the lives of us all.

- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
- 12. Which of the following is an example of how technology affects our daily life by allowing us to control devices remotely?
 - a. Traditional light switches
 - c. Manual washing machines

- **b.** Remote control units
- **d.** Landline telephones
- 13. What household appliance is mentioned as being influenced by technology to improve convenience?
 - a. Sewing machine
 - **c.** Refrigerator

- **b.** Dishwashing machine
- **d.** Toaster
- 14. Due to modern technology, the life style of millions of people has changed
 - a. 20 years ago
 - c. before the last twenty years
- 15. Leisure today is ever before.
 - a. more expensive than
 - ·
 - c. as expensive as

- **b.** within the last 20 years
- d. in more than twenty years
- b. less expensive than

b. the use of computers in planes

d. the progress in the leisure industry

d. much more varied in taste and cost.

- 16. The underlined pronoun it in the second paragraph refers to
 - a. microwave oven
 - c. your favourite food
- 17. The best title to this text is
 - a. Industry and leisure
 - c. Technology and leisure

- **b.** Leisure and life
- **d.** Leisure and business
- 18. What is a synonym for "recreation"?
 - **a.** Work

- **b.** Entertainment
- c. Stress
- d. Obligation

- 19. Which word is a synonym for "convincing"?
 - a. Disagreeing
- **b.** Persuading
- **c.** Ignoring
- d. Confusing

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Dr. Aisha Abd El-Rahman, also known by her pen name Bint Al-Shati, was a renowned Egyptian writer, scholar, and feminist born in 1913 in Damietta, Egypt. She made significant contributions to Arabic literature and Islamic studies, breaking societal barriers for women in academia. Despite facing restrictions on her education as a young girl, Aisha pursued her studies in secret. Later, she graduated from Cairo University, becoming one of the first women in Egypt to receive a higher education.

Dr. Aisha's work focused on the interpretation of the Qur'an and the role of women in Islamic history. She wrote extensively on women's rights within an Islamic framework and criticized the cultural practices that marginalized women. Her most famous works include "Women in the Qur'an" and "The Wives of the Prophet", which highlight the lives of influential women in Islamic history.

In addition to her academic work, Dr. Aisha was a professor at Cairo University and an advocate for women's education. She received numerous awards for her contributions

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to literature and social reform before passing away in 1998. Today, Dr. Aisha Abd ElRahman is celebrated as a trailblazer who paved the way for future generations of women in the Arab world.

1441 1 41 1	answer trom a, b, c o	u.	
20. What was Dr. Aisha	Abd El-Rahman's pen	name?	
a. Umm Kulthum		<mark>b.</mark> Bint Al-Shati	
c. Zaynab Al-Ghazali		d. Fatima Al-Fihri	
21. Where was Dr. Aisha	a Abd El-Rahman bor	n?	
a. Cairo	b. Alexandria	<mark>c.</mark> Damietta	d. Luxor
22. What was one of Dr.	Aisha Abd El-Rahma	n's primary areas of fo	ocus in her work?
a. Modern art	b. Mathematics	c. Islamic studies	d. Engineering
23. What barrier did Dr.	_	r early education?	
a. Lack of schools in h	ner area	b. Financial difficult	es
c. Restrictions on girls'	education education	d. Language barrie	rs
24 <mark>. Which of the followi</mark> r	ng is a notable work b	y Dr. Aisha Abd El-Ra	hman?
a. Women in the Qur'	<mark>an</mark>	b. The Interpretation	n of Dreams
c. The Arab Spring		d. The History of Egy	pt
25. What role did Dr. Ais	sh <mark>a Abd El-Ra</mark> hman ha	ave at Cairo Universit	y?
a. Principal	b. Professor	c. Librarian	d. Student Counselor
26. What was one of Dr.	•	dvocate for women?	
 a. To promote tradition 			
b. To emphasize wom			
c. To ban women from	_		reform
27. In which year did Dr			
a. 1978	b. 1988	c. 1998	d. 2008
			أسئلة موضوعية بدرجتين:
			استه توتوعيه بدربتين،
28. He to the cin	ema, but he stayed at	_	
a. could have gone	ema, but he stayed at	b. must have gone	
a. could have gonec. should go		b. must have goned. can go	
a. could have gonec. should go29. One reason for dam	sis to produce	b. must have goned. can goe electricity.	sons.
 a. could have gone c. should go 29. One reason for dam a. are built 	sis to produce b. have built	b. must have goned. can goe electricity.c. being built	
 a. could have gone c. should go 29. One reason for dam a. are built 30. Sara made a sugges 	sis to produce b. have built stionNasr obje	b. must have goned. can goe electricity.c. being builtected.	sons. d. were built
 a. could have gone c. should go 29. One reason for dam a. are built 30. Sara made a sugges a. which 	s is to produce b. have built stion Nasr obje b. to which	 b. must have gone d. can go e electricity. c. being built ected. c. that 	sons.
 a. could have gone c. should go 29. One reason for dam a. are built 30. Sara made a sugges a. which 31. We know what 	sis to produce b. have built stionNasr obje b. to which the river to get poll	 b. must have gone d. can go e electricity. c. being built ected. c. that uted. 	d. were built d. on which
 a. could have gone c. should go 29. One reason for dam a. are built 30. Sara made a sugges a. which 31. We know what a. wastes 	sis to produce b. have built stionNasr obje b. to which the river to get poll b. makes	 b. must have gone d. can go e electricity. c. being built ected. c. that uted. c. causes 	sons. d. were built
 a. could have gone c. should go 29. One reason for dam a. are built 30. Sara made a sugges a. which 31. We know what a. wastes 32. I suggest that he 	sis to produce b. have built stionNasr obje b. to which the river to get poll b. makes to the nearest ag	b. must have gone d. can go e electricity. c. being built ected. c. that uted. c. causes ency for that.	d. were built d. on which d. puts in
 a. could have gone c. should go 29. One reason for dam a. are built 30. Sara made a sugges a. which 31. We know what a. wastes 32. I suggest that he a. going 	sis to produce b. have built stionNasr obje b. to which the river to get poll b. makes to the nearest ag b. goes	 b. must have gone d. can go e electricity. c. being built ected. c. that uted. c. causes 	d. were built d. on which
 a. could have gone c. should go 29. One reason for dam a. are built 30. Sara made a sugges a. which 31. We know what a. wastes 32. I suggest that he a. going 33. I don't like wh 	sis to produce b. have built stionNasr obje b. to which the river to get poll b. makes to the nearest ag b. goes nat to do.	b. must have gone d. can go e electricity. c. being built ected. c. that uted. c. causes ency for that. c. go	d. were built d. on which d. puts in d. went
 a. could have gone c. should go 29. One reason for dam a. are built 30. Sara made a sugges a. which 31. We know what a. wastes 32. I suggest that he a. going 33. I don't like wI a. be told 	sis to produce b. have built stionNasr obje b. to which the river to get poll b. makes to the nearest ag b. goes nat to do. b. be telling	b. must have gone d. can go e electricity. c. being built ected. c. that uted. c. causes ency for that. c. go c. being told	d. were built d. on which d. puts in
 a. could have gone c. should go 29. One reason for dam a. are built 30. Sara made a sugges a. which 31. We know what a. wastes 32. I suggest that he a. going 33. I don't like which be told 34. I really admire this which 	sis to produce b. have built stionNasr obje b. to which the river to get polle b. makes to the nearest ag b. goes nat to do. b. be telling voman. She is always	b. must have gone d. can go e electricity. c. being built ected. c. that uted. c. causes ency for that. c. go c. being told	d. were built d. on which d. puts in d. went d. to be telling
 a. could have gone c. should go 29. One reason for dam a. are built 30. Sara made a sugges a. which 31. We know what a. wastes 32. I suggest that he a. going 33. I don't like wi a. be told 34. I really admire this wi a. good dress 	s is to produce b. have built stion Nasr obje b. to which the river to get poll b. makes to the nearest ag b. goes nat to do. b. be telling voman. She is always b. good dressed	b. must have gone d. can go e electricity. c. being built ected. c. that uted. c. causes ency for that. c. go c. being told	d. were built d. on which d. puts in d. went
 a. could have gone c. should go 29. One reason for dam a. are built 30. Sara made a sugges a. which 31. We know what a. wastes 32. I suggest that he a. going 33. I don't like wh a. be told 34. I really admire this wh a. good dress 35. Can you tell me 	s is to produce b. have built stion Nasr obje b. to which the river to get polle b. makes to the nearest ag b. goes nat to do. b. be telling voman. She is always b. good dressed now?	b. must have gone d. can go e electricity. c. being built ected. c. that uted. c. causes ency for that. c. go c. being told c. well - dressed	d. were built d. on which d. puts in d. went d. to be telling d. well- dress
 a. could have gone c. should go 29. One reason for dam a. are built 30. Sara made a sugges a. which 31. We know what a. wastes 32. I suggest that he a. going 33. I don't like which be told 34. I really admire this which 	s is to produce b. have built stion Nasr obje b. to which the river to get polle b. makes to the nearest ag b. goes nat to do. b. be telling voman. She is always b. good dressed now?	b. must have gone d. can go e electricity. c. being built ected. c. that uted. c. causes ency for that. c. go c. being told	d. were built d. on which d. puts in d. went d. to be telling







Writing

Choose the correct Arabic Translation from a, b, c or d:

- 36. Responsible tourism entails making careful choices that will not affect the environment negatively.
 - أ على السياحة المسؤولة اتخاذ خيارات حريصة لا تؤثر بالسلب على البيئة.
 - السياحة المسؤولة على فرض الخيارات متأنية مما يؤثر بالسلب على البيئة.
 - تنطوي السياحة المسؤولة على اتخاذ قرارات متأنية تؤثر بالسلب على البيئة.
 - (د) تنطوي السياحة المسؤولة على اتخاذ قرارات متأنية لا تؤثر بالسلب على البيئة.
- 37. It has been proven that meditation helps create a stress-free work environment and improves productivity rates.
 - أ قد ثبت أن التأمل يساعد على تهيئة بيئة عمل خالية من التوتر ويحسن أسعار الإنتاجية.
 - (ب) لقد ثبت أن التأمل يساعد على تهيئة بيئة عمل خالية من التوتر ويحسن معدلات الإنتاجية.
 - قد ثبت أن الوساطة تساعد على تهيئة بيئة عمل بلا توتر وتحسين معدلات الإنتاجية.
 - (د) قد ثبت أن التأمل يساعد في خلق بيئة عمل بلا توتر وتحقيق إنتاجية كيرة.

Choose the correct English Translation from a, b, c or d:

- ٣٨. يسرت التجارة الإلكترونية على الكثير من الناس عملية البيع والشراء إلكترونيا، وهذا بدوره يوفر الوقت والجهد فضلا عن خلق مناخا تنافسيا يصب في صالح المستهلك أولا.
- **a.** E-commerce has made it easier for many people to buy and trade electronically. This, in turn, saves time and effort in addition to creating a competitive climate that benefits the producer first.
- **b.** E-learning has made it easier for many people to buy and sell electronically. This, in turn, saves time and effort in addition to creating a complete climate that benefits the consumer first.
- c. E-commerce has made it easier for many people to buy and sell electronically. This, in turn, saves time and effort in addition to creating a competitive environment that benefits the consumer first
- **d.** E-commerce has made it easier for many people to buy and sell electrically. This, in turn, saves time and effort in addition to creating a competitive environment that fits the consumer first.
 - ٣٩. للبد أن تتعلم كيفية إدارة الوقت وترتيب أولوياتك حتى تنجز الكثير من المهام المختلفة بكفاءة وفي وقت مناسب، وهذا بالتأكيد يجعلك شخصا منتجا وناجحا في الحياة.
- **a.** You must learn how to arrange your time and manage your priorities in order to accomplish a lot of different tasks efficiently promptly. This definitely makes you a productive and successful person in life.
- **b.** You must learn how to manage your time and arrange your priorities to accomplish a lot of different tasks sufficiently promptly. This definitely makes you a productive and successful person in career.
- c. You must learn how to manage your time and arrange your priorities to accomplish a lot of different tasks efficiently in a timely manner. This definitely makes you a productive and successful person in life.
- **d.** You must learn when to manage your time and arrange your priorities in order to refresh a lot of different tasks efficiently in a timely manner. This definitely makes you a consumer and successful person in life.



40. How does Pip feel about Estella, and how does she treat him throughout the story?

Pip loves Estella deeply, even though she is cold and looks down on him. He admires her and thinks she's out of his league. Estella treats him badly, reminding him of his lower social status. Despite her constant rejection and harsh behavior, Pip's feelings for her stay strong, causing him emotional pain.

41. What motivates Pip to become a gentleman in Great Expectations?

Pip wants to become a gentleman because he loves Estella. He thinks that by becoming rich and refined, he will deserve her love. He is also ashamed of his humble background and wants to be accepted by her and the upper class, even if it costs him emotionally and morally.

Write an introductory paragraph of about six lines on:

42. The Benefits of Outdoor Activities











Vocabulary and Structure

أسئلة موضوعية بدرجة واحدة:

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

offered it to me.				
	a. give	b , aiven	c. aivina	d. to give
2	My father always dona	ates and helps chariti	es and poor people	is kind of him
۷.	<mark>a.</mark> which	h that	c. who	d whom
	There is no doubt that			
	a. suitability			d. suit
	I used to have the med			
	a. to repair	_		d. repair
			_	
	I used to help my teac	_		
			c. away	<mark>d.</mark> out
	Trees in rainfo			
	a. grows			d. grew
7you lived on the moon, how would you feel?				
	a. In case of			d. Imagined
8. We're going to get a maidus at home.				
	a. help		-	•
9. Many people have a fixed idea about how artists behave, which is known as a				
	a. fact			
10. Judging someone negatively based on their race or religion without knowing them personally is an example of				
	curiosity		e projudico	d understanding
				_
 11. The professor asked the student to on his answer to provide more details. a. explain b. simplify c. elaborate d. conclude 				
(a. explain	D. SIMPIITY	c. elaborate	a. conclude
	B Reading Comprehension			

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

With the birth of the big cities and their exploding population has become the problem of getting rid of their wastes. Many people believe that these cities will eventually bury themselves in their own rubbish unless something is done, and done quickly. They support their argument by stating that in 1985 Mexico City produced 6,000 more tons of rubbish than could be collected.

The worries about land pollution, shortage of natural resources (especially wood and oil), increasing costs of raw materials and growing unemployment all point to one solution: recycling. Recyclable waste falls into seven basic groups: paper, glass, plastics, metals, rags, bones and organic matter. The first five groups can be recycled to produce similar products a second time. Organic matter can be used to feed animals or used as fertilizer. Bones produce fat, gelatin and calcium which can be used in animal feed or to make filters.

Among the many advantages of recycling are: saving valuable natural resources, preventing land pollution, saving manufacturers' money, creating a lot of jobs (to recycle the waste of Cairo would need 17,000 - 20,000 collectors, 6,000 sorters plus transporters, processors ...etc.), creating new small businesses which can supply many of

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the major industries and generating money (e.g. in Cairo, if all the rubbish that could be recycled, was recycled, it would generate \$ 73, 467 a day).

For recycling to be a success, it needs the support of the government in supplying areas for dumping, sorting and recycling, and to launch a campaign to persuade the public to co-operate. It needs experts to find suitable people or companies to recycle each material.

All the way along the line, from the collector to the seller of the recycled product, there has to be an acceptable income. In this way, meeting this demand is easier in the developing world, where people are on lower incomes, than in developed countries where expectations of reward are higher.

• Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 12. Why has recycling become a necessity?
 - a. It helps reduce land pollution.
 - **b.** It addresses the shortage of natural resources.
 - c. It mitigates the increasing costs of raw materials.
 - d. All of the above.
- 13. How does recycling help save valuable natural resources?
 - a. By increasing waste production
- **b.** By reducing the need for new materials

c. By promoting deforestation

- **d.** By encouraging resource depletion
- 14. In what way does recycling save manufacturers' money?
 - a. By increasing production costs
- b. By providing cheaper raw materials
- **c.** By requiring more energy consumption
- **d.** By decreasing efficiency
- 15. How does recycling contribute to job creation?
 - a. By eliminating job opportunities
 - **b.** By creating new jobs in recycling industries
 - **c.** By outsourcing jobs to other countries
- d. By reducing workforce needs
- 16. What does "it" refer to in the text?
 - a. All the rubbish that could be recycled
- **b.** The process of recycling

c. The recycling industry

- d. Waste management
- 17. What does "this demand" refer to in the text?
 - a. A need for more recycling facilities
- **b.** An acceptable income
- c. Increased public awareness
- **d.** Government regulations
- 18. According to the text which of the following is not a product of recycling?
 - a. calcium
- h oil

- **c.** tertilizer
- **d.** paper
- 19. Which of the following statement (statements) is not true?
 - a. Recycling costs much and could only be afforded in developed countries.
 - **b.** People in the developing countries need acceptable incomes to share in recycling work.
 - **c.** In developed countries, people are less likely to accept recycling work.
 - **d.** Recycling jobs provide low incomes that are more acceptable in the developing countries than in developed countries.

Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

The Rise of Artificial Intelligence

Artificial Intelligence (AI) refers to the simulation of human intelligence in machines that are programmed to think and learn like humans. Over the past few decades, AI has seen rapid development and has become an integral part of various industries, such as healthcare, finance, transportation, and entertainment.





Al systems are capable of performing tasks that typically require human intelligence, such as visual perception, speech recognition, decision-making, and language translation.

One of the most well-known applications of AI is in virtual assistants, like Siri and Alexa, which can perform a wide range of tasks based on voice commands.

In healthcare, AI is being used to improve diagnostics and treatment plans by analyzing large amounts of medical data. For instance, AI algorithms can help detect diseases like cancer at an early stage by examining medical images. In finance, AI is used for fraud detection, algorithmic trading, and personalized financial advice.

However, the rise of AI also raises ethical concerns and challenges. Issues such as data privacy, job displacement, and algorithmic bias need to be addressed to ensure that AI is developed and used responsibly. As AI continues to evolve, it is crucial to strike a balance between leveraging its potential and mitigating its risks.

◆ Choose the correct of	answer from a, b, c or	d:		
20. What does Al stand f				
 a. Automated Intelligence 		b. Artificial Intelligence		
c. Advanced Intelligence		d. Analytical Intellige	ence	
21. Which of the followin	g is NOT mentioned a	s a field where AI is us	sed?	
a. Healthcare	b. Finance	c. Agriculture	d. Transportation	
22. What is one of the we	ell <mark>-known applicatio</mark> ns	of AI in daily life?		
a. Smart refrigerators	b. Virtual assistants	c. Autonomous cars	d. Drones	
23. How is Al used in hea	althcare?			
a. To perform surgeries	S			
b. To analyze medica	I data for diagnostics			
c. To replace doctors		d. To manufacture m	nedical equipment	
24. In which field is AI us			•	
a. Healthcare	b. Education	<mark>c.</mark> Finance	d. Entertainment	
25. What ethical conceri				
a. Increased producti		b. Data privacy		
c. Enhanced entertair		·	d. Improved accuracy	
26. What must be baland				
a. Innovation and reg	ulation	b. Speed and efficien	ncy	
c. Cost and benefit		d. Potential and risk		
27. Why is it important to		_		
a. To improve technol		b. To reduce costs		
c. To ensure responsibl	le development and i	<mark>use of Al d. To increa</mark>	se sales	
			أسئلة موضوعية بدرجتين:	
		my two bi	rothers likes swimming.	
a. Every of	b. Neither of	c. None	d. Either	
28. Drivers wear	a seat belt while drivi	ng into the city.		
	b. might		<mark>d.</mark> have to	
29. Maria said she had n				
a. yesterday	b. the day after	c. the previous day	d. the following day	
30 well, he would				
a. Were he	b. Were he to feel	c. Had he	d. Had he been	
31. My mum admired the		. 1.1.1.11	• 11. · · · · 1.1.9	
<mark>a.</mark> I bought	b. that I bought it	c. which I bought for	a. I bougnt it	



32next summer,	my brother will ha	ave finished the cours	e.	
a. In	b. The	c. At	<mark>d.</mark> By	
33. My father is a civil rights defender. He belongs to an international rights				
a. accommodation	b. association	c. deprivation	d. cultivation	
34. Iat the garage	once a month.			
a. have checked my car		<mark>b.</mark> have my car checked		
c. have my car is checked		d. check my car		

C Writing

Choose the correct Arabic Translation from a, b, c or d:

- 35. Artificial Intelligence (AI) is revolutionizing the world at an unprecedented pace. Its applications are vast, ranging from healthcare to finance, and its potential for future advancements seems limitless.
- (أ) الذكاء الاصطناعي يعيد تشكيل العالم بسرعة غير مسبوقة. تطبيقاته واسعة النطاق، بدءًا من الرعاية الصحية وحتى التمويل، ويبدو أن إمكانياته المستقبلية لاحدود لها.
- (ب) يحدث الذكاء الاصطناعي ثورة في العالم بوتيرة غير مسبوقة. تطبيقات متعددة، من الرعاية الصحية إلى التمويل، وإمكانياته المستقبلية تبدو بلا حدود.
- (د) حدث الذكاء الاصطناعي تغييرا جذريا في العالم بسرعة غير مسبوقة. تتعدد تطبيقاته، بدءا من الرعاية الصحية إلى التمويل، ويبدو أن إمكانياته المستقبلية لا نهاية لها.
- 36. Climate change is one of the most pressing issues facing humanity today. It affects every aspect of our lives, from the food we eat to the air we breathe, and requires immediate and sustained action from all sectors of society.
- (أ) تغير المناخهو واحد من أكثر القضايا الملحمّ التي تواجه البشريمّ اليوم يؤثر على كل جانب من جوانب حياتنا، من الطعام الـذي نأكله إلى الهواء الذي نتنفسه، ويتطلب عملاً فوريًا ومستدامًا من جميع قطاعات المجتمع.
- (ب) يعد التغير المناخي من أكثر القضايا إلحاحا التي تواجه الإنسان حاليًا. يؤثر على كل جانب من جوانب حياتنا، من الطعام الذي نأكله إلى الهواء الذي نتنفسه، ويتطلب إجراءات فوريم ومستمرة من جميع قطاعات المجتمع.
- ج التغير المناخي هو من بين القضايا الأكثر إلحاء حا التي تواجه البشرية في الوقت الراهن. يؤثر على كل جانب من جوانب حياتنا، من الطعام الذي نأكله إلى الهواء الذي نتنفسه، ويحتاج إلى استجابة عاجلة ومستدامة من جميع قطاعات المجتمع.
- (د) يعتبر تغير المناخ من أكثر القضايا إلحاكا التي تواجه البشرية اليوم له تأثير على جميع جوانب حياتنا، بدءا من الطعام الذي نأكله وحتى الهواء الذي نتنفسه، ويتطلب تحركا فوريًا ومستدامًا من كل قطاعات المجتمع.

Choose the correct English Translation from a, b, c or d:

- ٣٧. على الرغم من أنني كنت أدرس طوال الليل للتحضير للاختبار، إلا أنني شعرت بالقلق الشديد عندما بدأت الأسئلة. لكنني حاولت أن أظل هادئًا وأجابتي كانت أفضل مما توقعت.
- **a.** Although I studied all night to prepare for the test, I felt extremely anxious when I started the questions. However, I tried to stay calm, and my answers were worse than I expected.
- b. Despite studying all night for the test, I felt very nervous when the questions began. However, I managed to stay calm, and my answers turned out better than I expected.
- **c.** I studied for the test all night, and I felt confident when the questions started. However, my answers were not what I had anticipated.
- **d.** Although I didn't study enough for the test, I felt very calm when the questions began, and my answers were exactly what I expected.





٣٨. كانت الرحلة إلى الجبال في الشتاء تجربة لا تُنسى، حيث كانت الثلوج تغطي القمم والهواء باردا ومنعشا. استمتعنا بالمشى لمسافات طويلة والتمتع بالمناظر الطبيعية، ولكننا اضطررنا للعودة بسبب العاصفة التي بدأت تقترب.

- a. The trip to the mountains in the winter was unforgettable, with snow covering the peaks and the air being cold and refreshing. We enjoyed long walks and the beautiful scenery, but we had to leave because of the storm that was approaching.
- **b.** The winter journey to the mountains was not as exciting, with only a light dusting of snow. We didn't get to walk much because the weather was too warm, but we stayed for the entire day.
- **c.** The winter trip to the mountains was enjoyable despite the heavy snowstorm that made hiking impossible. The scenery was beautiful, but we couldn't go outside.
- **d.** We went to the mountains in winter, but the weather was too harsh to enjoy the cold air, and we didn't walk at all because of the storm.

39. How does Pip first meet Estella, and what is his initial impression of her?

Pip first meets Estella at Miss Havisham's house. Estella treats him coldly, calling him a common boy and making him feel inferior. Pip is struck by her beauty but feels humiliated by her attitude.

40. How does Estella's upbringing influence her relationship with Pip?

Estella was raised by Miss Havisham to break men's hearts and view them as unworthy.

This upbringing makes Estella distant and unkind to Pip, leading her to treat him with contempt, even though he is in love with her.

Write an introductory paragraph of about six lines on the following topic:

41. The Benefits of Reading

